Optional Survey

We’d like to hear from those who access this CA Standards document. We invite you to participate in a brief survey: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CC_Doc_Use_Survey
The CA ELD Standards define three proficiency levels—Emerging, Expanding, and Bridging*—to describe the stages of English language development through which ELs are expected to progress as they improve their abilities in listening, speaking, reading, and writing English. Importantly, the language skills described in all three proficiency levels support ELs as they learn English language arts and develop literacy in history–social science, mathematics, science, and other school subjects.

The “ELD Proficiency Level Continuum” chart shows how ELs progress as they become fluent in English. Each proficiency level includes descriptions of the knowledge, skills, and abilities of English as a new language and of the “entry” and “exit” stages of the proficiency level. Teachers use this valuable information to choose appropriate learning supports, inform instructional decisions, keep track of academic progress, and reclassify EL students.** All schools in California will be using a test aligned to these standards to help determine when ELs are fluent in English, which means they no longer need specialized ELD instruction.

* The previous standards identified five levels of proficiency for ELs.
** Proficiency in English is one criteria identified in Education Code 313 for ELs to be reclassified as fluent-English-proficient.

The Purpose of the Three Levels in the “ELD Proficiency Level Continuum”

How Your English Learner Student Will Learn English:

To help your student make progress in learning English:

- Keep speaking your first language with your child. All the words children learn in their first language will be useful when they are learning English.
- Tell your child stories you were told in your childhood, or read to your child in your first language—or in English.
- Encourage your child to read. Make regular visits to the library to keep reading material available at home. Independent reading is a great way to learn new vocabulary.

For more information on the CA ELD Standards and ideas for helping your student succeed, check out these resources:

- The California English Language Development Standards are available online at http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/el/er/documents/eldstndspublication14.pdf.
- The English Language Development Standards Resources Web page is located at http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/el/er/eldstandards.asp.
- The ELA/ELD Framework for California Public Schools is available online at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ci/rl/cf/elaeldfrmwrksbeadopted.asp.
- The California Common Core State Standards for ELA/Literacy are available online at http://www.cde.ca.gov/be/st/ss/documents/finalelaccssstandards.pdf.

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**ELD Proficiency Level Continuum**

- **Emerging**: Students at this level typically progress very quickly, learn to use English for immediate needs, and begin to understand and use academic language for the grade level, with substantial language support provided.

- **Expanding**: Students at this level use their growing language skills in more advanced ways that are appropriate to their age and grade level, with moderate language support provided.

- **Bridging**: Students at this level can independently use a variety of high-level English language skills and fully participate in grade-level academic activities in all content areas, with light language support provided.

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**Goals of the CA ELD Standards**

The CA ELD Standards align with the expectations for achieving college and career readiness described in the CA CCSS for ELA/Literacy. At all grade and proficiency levels, ELs must have full access to high-quality English language arts, mathematics, science, and social science content (as well as other subjects), at the same time that they are increasing their English language proficiency.

The CA ELD Standards support this dual effort by providing standards:

- essential for language development and academic success;
- with clear connections to curriculum and assessments;
- aligned with the expectations of the CA CCSS for ELA/Literacy.

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**Expectations of English Learners—and of Teachers**

The CA ELD Standards are organized into three parts. The first two describe specific expectations of ELs as they build on existing language skills and knowledge and progress toward full engagement with grade-level material in all content areas. The third part guides teachers to support students who may need basic reading and writing instruction.

**Part I: Interacting in Meaningful Ways.** English learners participate in meaningful and intellectually challenging tasks in three ways:

- **Collaboratively**, by communicating with others about social and academic topics
- **Interpretively**, by understanding written and spoken information
- **Productively**, by writing or presenting to explain ideas and information

**Part II: Learning About How English Works.** English learners comprehend and produce academic texts in various content areas. English learners use language to create organized texts, expand and enrich ideas, and connect and condense ideas.

**Part III: Using Foundational Literacy Skills.** This section emphasizes how all teachers play a crucial role in developing the literacy of ELs. English learners at all grades require specialized instruction to learn foundational literacy skills, based on their age, previous literacy, and educational experiences. For ELs new to California schools in grades six through twelve, teachers also need to provide learning activities and materials to help students achieve all language skills, including literacy in English, as quickly as possible.